Issue date: 12/17/2020 Revision date: 12/17/2020 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. PRODUCT IDENTIFIER

Product form : Mixture

Product name : SPOTCHECK® SKL-WP2 Aerosol

Vaporizer : Aerosol

1.2. RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND USES ADVISED AGAINST

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Main use category : Industrial use

Use of the substance/mixture : Non-Destructive Testing

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

1.3. DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET

Manufacturer
Magnaflux® (A Division of ITW Ltd)
Faraday Road, South Dorcan Industrial Estate
SN3 5HE Swindon - UK
T +44 (0)1793 524566 - F +44 (0)1793 490459
support.eu@magnaflux.com - www.eu.magnaflux.com

1.4. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

Emergency number : DURING OFFICE HOURS, CALL T: +44 (0)1793 524566 (English only) [Office hours (GMT) Monday - Thursday 8am - 5pm, Friday 8am - 4pm];
OUT OF OFFICE HOURS, CALL T: +44(0)203 394 9866

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Aerosol 2	H223;H229
Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Eye Dam. 1	H318
Asp. Tox. 1	H304

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

No additional information available

2.2. LABEL ELEMENTS

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP) :

GHS02 GHS05 GHS08

Signal word (CLP) : Danger

Hazardous ingredients : Alcohols, C11-15-secondary, ethoxylated; Alcohols, C12-15-branched and linear, ethoxylated propoxylated

Hazard statements (CLP) : H223 - Flammable aerosol.
H229 - Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements (CLP) : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.
P301+P310+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P305+P351+P338+P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
P410+P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Unknown acute toxicity (CLP) - SDS : 47.33% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral)
47.33% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal)
16.05% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Dust/Mist))

Unknown hazards to the aquatic environment (CLP) : Contains 58.14 % of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

2.3. OTHER HAZARDS

Other hazards which do not result in classification : May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. SUBSTANCES

Not applicable

3.2. MIXTURES

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	(CAS-No.) 64742-47-8 (EC-No.) 265-149-8;926-141-6 (EC Index-No.) 649-422-00-2	30 – 40	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
n-Butane (Note C)(Note U)	(CAS-No.) 106-97-8 (EC-No.) 203-448-7 (EC Index-No.) 601-004-00-0	10 – 20	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas (Liq.), H280
Propane (Note U)	(CAS-No.) 74-98-6 (EC-No.) 200-827-9 (EC Index-No.) 601-003-00-5	10 – 20	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas
Alcohols, C12-15-branched and linear, ethoxylated propoxylated	(CAS-No.) 120313-48-6	10 – 15	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400
Isobutane (Note C)(Note U)	(CAS-No.) 75-28-5 (EC-No.) 200-857-2 (EC Index-No.) 601-004-00-0	5 – 10	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas
Alcohols, C11-15-secondary, ethoxylated	(CAS-No.) 68131-40-8 (EC-No.) 614-295-4	5 – 10	Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
9-Octadecenamide, N-(2-hydroxypropyl)-, (Z)-	(CAS-No.) 111-05-7 (EC-No.) 203-828-2	1 – 5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Terpineol	(CAS-No.) 8000-41-7 (EC-No.) 232-268-1	1 – 5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Hydrocarbons, C10-13, aromatics,	(CAS-No.) 1174522-16-7 (EC-No.) 922-153-0	0.1 – 1.5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Comments : *Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

Note C : Some organic substances may be marketed either in a specific isomeric form or as a mixture of several isomers. In this case the supplier must state on the label whether the substance is a specific isomer or a mixture of isomers.

Note U (Table 3): When put on the market gases have to be classified as ‘Gases under pressure’, in one of the groups compressed gas, liquefied gas, refrigerated liquefied gas or dissolved gas. The group depends on the physical state in which the gas is packaged and therefore has to be assigned case by case.

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES

First-aid measures after inhalation : If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact : IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

First-aid measures after ingestion : IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2. MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause asphyxiation. May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May result in aspiration into the lungs, causing chemical pneumonia.

4.3. INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED

Symptoms may be delayed. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Suitable extinguishing media : Water fog. Water spray. Foam. Carbon dioxide. Dry chemical.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

5.2. SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

Fire hazard : Flammable aerosol. Products of combustion may include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen. Oxides of sulfur. acrolein.

Explosion hazard : Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.

5.3. ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS

Firefighting instructions : DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives. Evacuate area.

Protection during firefighting : Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA).

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

General measures : Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Eliminate every possible source of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP

For containment : Stop leak without risks if possible. Move containers from spill area. Use only non-sparking tools. Use explosion-proof equipment. Contain and/or absorb spill with inert material (e.g. sand, vermiculite), then place in a suitable container. Do not flush to sewer or allow to enter waterways. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

Methods for cleaning up : Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal. Provide ventilation.

6.4. REFERENCE TO OTHER SECTIONS

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

Additional hazards when processed : Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Hazardous waste due to potential risk of explosion. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Precautions for safe handling : Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use non-sparking tools. Use explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Handle and open container with care. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not swallow. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands before eating, drinking, or smoking. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Storage conditions	:	Keep locked up and out of reach of children. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatibles. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F. Keep in fireproof place. Keep container tightly closed.
Incompatible materials	:	Heat sources.

7.3. SPECIFIC END USE(S)

Not available.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. CONTROL PARAMETERS

n-Butane (106-97-8)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	1450 mg/m³
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [2]	600 ppm
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	1810 mg/m³
WEL STEL (OEL STEL) [ppm]	750 ppm
WEL chemical category	Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage containing >0.1% Buta-1,3-diene

8.2. EXPOSURE CONTROLS

Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Hand protection:

Chemical resistant gloves (according to European standard NF EN 374 or equivalent)

Eye protection:

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard such as the European Standard EN166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Environmental exposure controls:

Avoid release to the environment.

Other information:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state	:	Liquid
Appearance	:	Oily
Colour	:	Red Violet
Odour	:	Mild
Odour threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	Neutral
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	:	No data available
Melting point	:	No data available
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	No data available
Flash point	:	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Flammable aerosol

Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Solubility	:	No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
Oxidising properties	:	No data available
Explosive limits	:	No data available

9.2. OTHER INFORMATION

VOC content	:	559.04 g/l
Heat of Combustion	:	15 122 Btu/lb

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. REACTIVITY

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.2. CHEMICAL STABILITY

Flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Container may explode if heated. Do not puncture. Do not burn. Extreme risk of explosion by shock, friction, fire or other sources of ignition. Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Sources of ignition. Heat. Incompatible materials. Sparks. Open flame. Direct sunlight.

10.5. INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS

Strong oxidizers. Strong acids. Strong bases. Alkalis. Caustics. Halogens.

10.6. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

May include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen. Oxides of sulfur. Acrolein.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS

Acute toxicity (oral)	:	Not classified.
Acute toxicity (dermal)	:	Not classified.
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	:	Not classified.

Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat	> 5.2 mg/l/4h

n-Butane (106-97-8)	
LC50 inhalation rat	658 g/m³ (Exposure time: 4 h)

Propane (74-98-6)	
LC50 inhalation rat	> 800000 ppm (Exposure time: 15 min)

Isobutane (75-28-5)	
LC50 inhalation rat	658 mg/l/4h

Alcohols, C11-15-secondary, ethoxylated (68131-40-8)	
LD50 oral rat	2100 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	2 ml/kg

Terpineol (8000-41-7)	
LD50 oral rat	2900 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3000 mg/kg

Unknown acute toxicity (CLP) - SDS	:	47.33% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral) 47.33% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal) 16.05% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Dust/Mist))

Skin corrosion/irritation	:	Causes skin irritation. pH: Neutral
Serious eye damage/irritation	:	Causes serious eye damage. pH: Neutral
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	:	Not classified.
Additional information	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity	:	Not classified.
Additional information	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	:	Not classified.
Additional information	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	:	Not classified.
Additional information	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
STOT-single exposure	:	Not classified.
Additional information	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
STOT-repeated exposure	:	Not classified.
Additional information	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Aspiration hazard	:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SKL-WP2 Aerosol	
Vaporizer	Aerosol

Other information : Likely routes of exposure: ingestion, inhalation, skin and eye.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. TOXICITY

Ecology - general	:	May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Unknown hazards to the aquatic environment (CLP)	:	Contains 58.14 % of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute)	:	Not classified.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic)	:	Not classified.

Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	45 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
LC50 - Fish [2]	2.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])

12.2. PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

SKL-WP2 Aerosol	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

12.3. BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL

SKL-WP2 Aerosol	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)	
BCF - Fish [1]	61 – 159

n-Butane (106-97-8)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	2.89

Propane (74-98-6)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	2.3

Isobutane (75-28-5)	
BCF - Fish [1]	1.57 – 1.97
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	2.88 (at 20 °C)

12.4. MOBILITY IN SOIL

No additional information available

12.5. RESULTS OF PBT AND VPVB ASSESSMENT

No additional information available

12.6. OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS

Additional information : No other effects known

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. WASTE TREATMENT METHODS

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation. Container under pressure. Do not drill or burn even after use.

Additional information : Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA

14.1. UN NUMBER

UN-No. (ADR) : 1950
UN-No. (IMDG) : 1950
UN-No. (IATA) : 1950

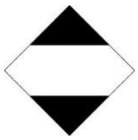
14.2. UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME

Proper Shipping Name (ADR) : AEROSOLS
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : AEROSOLS
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Aerosols, flammable

14.3. TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS(ES)

ADR

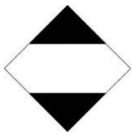
Transport hazard class(es) (ADR) : 2.1 (Limited Quantity)
Danger labels (ADR) :



IMDG

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : 2.1 (Limited Quantity)
Danger labels (IMDG) : 2.1

:



IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : 2.1
Danger labels (IATA) : 2.1

:

14.4. PACKING GROUP

Packing group (ADR) : Not applicable
Packing group (IMDG) : Not applicable
Packing group (IATA) : Not applicable

14.5. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Dangerous for the environment : No
Marine pollutant : No
Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.6. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER

Special transport precautions : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

- Overland transport

No data available

- Transport by sea

No data available

- Air transport

No data available

14.7. TRANSPORT IN BULK ACCORDING TO ANNEX II OF MARPOL AND THE IBC CODE

Not applicable

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS/LEGISLATION SPECIFIC FOR THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Contains no REACH substances with Annex XVII restrictions

Contains no REACH candidate substance.

Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances

Contains no substance subject to Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals.

Contains no substance subject to Regulation (EU) No 2019/1021 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on persistent organic pollutants

VOC content : 559.04 g/l

15.1.2. National regulations

No additional information available

15.2. CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSESSMENT

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Indication of changes:

None.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

	°C – Degrees Celsius °F – Degrees Fahrenheit ADR – European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ACGIH – American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ATE – Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF – Bioconcentration Factor BEI – Biological Exposure Index CAS – Chemical Abstracts Service CLP – Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on the Classification, Labeling and Packaging of substances and mixtures. cP – centipoise (unit of dynamic viscosity) cSt – centistokes (unit of kinematic viscosity) DNEL – Derived No-effect Level EC50 – Half maximal effective concentration ECHA – European Chemicals Agency EC-No. – European Community number EU – European Union GHS – Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals h – Hours IATA – International Air Transport Association IDLH – Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health IMDG – International Maritime Dangerous Goods IOELV – Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value kPa – kilopascal

	Kow – Octanol-Water Partition Coefficient LC50 – Median Lethal Concentration LD50 – Median Lethal Dose mg/l – Milligram per liter mg/kg – Milligram per kilogram mg/m3 – Milligram per cubic meter Min – Minutes NIOSH – National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NOEC – No Observed Effect Concentration N.O.S. – Not Otherwise Specified OEL – Occupational Exposure Limit PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic ppm – Parts per million PVC – Polyvinyl chloride REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 RID – European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail SDS – Safety Data Sheet STEL – Short Term Exposure Limit TLV – Threshold Limit Value TWA – Time Weighted Average UN – United Nations vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Data sources : REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Other information : None.

Prepared by : Nexreg Compliance Inc.
www.Nexreg.com

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:

Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
Aerosol 2	Aerosol, Category 2
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Acute Hazard, Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
Flam. Gas 1A	Flammable gases, Category 1A
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids, Category 3
Press. Gas	Gases under pressure
Press. Gas (Liq.)	Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H223	Flammable aerosol.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Aerosol 2	H223;H229	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1	H318	Calculation method
Asp. Tox. 1	H304	Expert judgment

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